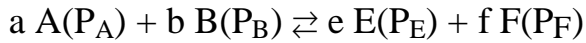
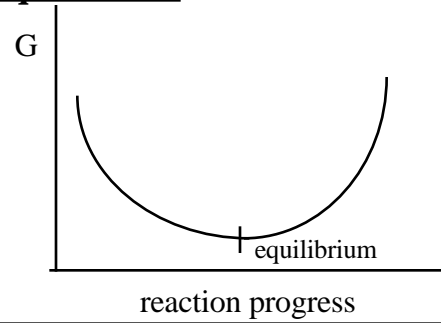


Gibbs Free Energy and Chemical Equilibrium

What is $\Delta_r G$ under non-standard conditions?



$$\mu_A = \mu_A^\ominus + RT \ln(P_A/P^\ominus)$$



$$-\frac{dn_A}{a} = -\frac{dn_B}{b} = \frac{dn_E}{e} = \frac{dn_F}{f} = d\xi$$

at constant T and P $dG = \mu_E dn_E + \mu_F dn_F + \mu_A dn_A + \mu_B dn_B$

$$dG = (e \mu_E + f \mu_F - a \mu_A - b \mu_B) d\xi$$

$$\int dG = \int_0^1 (e \mu_E + f \mu_F - a \mu_A - b \mu_B) d\xi$$

$$\Delta_r G = e \mu_E + f \mu_F - a \mu_A - b \mu_B$$

$$\Delta_r G = e(\mu_E^\ominus + RT \ln(P_E/P^\ominus)) + f(\mu_F^\ominus + RT \ln(P_F/P^\ominus)) - a(\mu_A^\ominus + RT \ln(P_A/P^\ominus)) - b(\mu_B^\ominus + RT \ln(P_B/P^\ominus))$$

$$\Delta_r G = e\mu_E^\ominus + f\mu_F^\ominus - a\mu_A^\ominus - b\mu_B^\ominus + RT(e \ln(P_E/P^\ominus) + f \ln(P_F/P^\ominus) - a \ln(P_A/P^\ominus) - b \ln(P_B/P^\ominus))$$

$$\Delta_r G = \Delta_r G^\ominus + RT \ln \left(\frac{(P_E/P^\ominus)^e (P_F/P^\ominus)^f}{(P_A/P^\ominus)^a (P_B/P^\ominus)^b} \right)$$

$$\Delta_r G = \Delta_r G^\ominus + RT \ln Q$$

at equilibrium

$$\Delta_r G^\ominus = -RT \ln Q_{eq} = -RT \ln K_p$$

$$K_p = \left(\frac{(P_E/P^\ominus)^e (P_F/P^\ominus)^f}{(P_A/P^\ominus)^a (P_B/P^\ominus)^b} \right)_{eq}$$

$$\Delta_r G = RT \ln \frac{Q}{K_p}$$